

A hand in a suit sleeve holds a tablet. Overlaid on the image is a network diagram consisting of white circles of various sizes connected by thin white lines. The background is a blurred blue bokeh.

MALTA HOLDING COMPANIES

PROPERTY

Commercial & residential property

CAPITAL DUTY

No capital duty

CAPITAL GAINS EXEMPTION

on certain transfer of shares & immovable property

DOUBLE TAX TREATY

Extensive double tax treaty network

EU

Member of the EU & Eurozone

WORKFORCE

Well qualified, multi lingual workforce

NO WITHHOLDING TAX

On outbound dividend, interest or royalties.

FOREIGN COMPANY

No controlled foreign Company
Legislation





MALTA

Malta holding companies can be set up in order to hold shares and securities and business assets in any form such as real estate, fixed assets, aircraft, investments, bank accounts and intellectual property as well as personal assets including any luxury items such as yachts, residential property, works of art. Although there is no specific holding company regime, the domestic tax treatment afforded to the different types of income received by such companies as well as the participation exemption introduced in 2007 and typically available in holding company regimes make the setting up of Malta holding companies a very attractive option.

TAXATION OF MALTA HOLDING COMPANIES

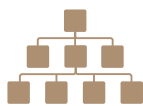
Where the participation exemption as outlined below does not apply, or where the company does not opt for the exemption, a Malta holding company would be subject

to tax on income less deductible expenses at the corporate income tax rate of 35%. Upon receipt of a dividend, the shareholders would be eligible to claim a refund of all or part of the tax paid, depending on the type and source of income received. The shareholder of the Malta company would be eligible to receive refunds as follows:

- 100% of the Malta tax paid where income or gains are derived from an investment which qualifies as a PH and in the case of dividend income, where such PH falls within the safe harbours or satisfies the anti-abuse provisions as detailed below.
- 5/7ths of the Malta tax paid, where the income received by the company is passive interest or royalties or income from a PH which does not fall within the safe harbours or satisfy the anti-abuse provisions
- 2/3rds of the tax payable in Malta, where income has benefited from double taxation relief.
- 6/7ths of the Malta tax in all other cases.



INVESTMENT OPTIONS



Shares & Securities



Yacht



Bonds



Property



Arts & Culture



PARTICIPATION EXEMPTION

Income or capital gains derived by Malta companies from qualifying “participating holdings”(PH) may be exempt from tax in Malta at the option of the company. An investment qualifies as a PH where a Malta company is an equity shareholder in another company and:

(a) holds directly at least 10 percent of the equity shares of such company, which holding confers an entitlement to at least ten percent of any two of the following (“equity holding rights”):

- right to vote;
- profits available for distribution; and
- assets available for distribution on a winding up; or

(b) is entitled at its option to call for and acquire the entire balance of the equity shares not held by that equity shareholder company to the extent permitted by the law of the country in which the equity shares are held; or

(c) is entitled to first refusal in the event of the proposed disposal, redemption or cancellation of all of the equity shares of that company not held by that equity shareholder company; or

(d) is entitled to either sit on the Board or appoint a person to

sit on the Board of that company as a director; or

(e) holds an investment representing a total value, as on the date or dates on which it was acquired, of a minimum of one million, one hundred and sixty-four thousand euro (€1,164,000) (or the equivalent sum in a foreign currency) and that investment is held for an uninterrupted period of not less than 183 days; or

f) such shares are held for the furtherance of its own business and the holding is not held as trading stock for the purpose of a trade.

Equity shares refers to a holding of the share capital in a company which entitles the shareholder to at least any two of the following three rights: the right to vote, the right to profits available for distribution to shareholders and the right to assets available for distribution on a winding up of the company.

Capital gains derived from the disposal of such PH may be exempt from tax in Malta. Where Malta holding companies receive dividend income from a participating holding such income may also be exempt from tax in Malta provided that the company in which the PH is held falls within one of the following safe harbours:

PARTICIPATING HOLDING FALLS WITHIN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SAFE HARBOURS:



Resident
or incorporated
in the EU;



**Subject to any
foreign tax**
at a rate of at
least 15%

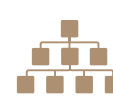


Less than 50% of
its income is derived
from passive interest
or royalties

OR

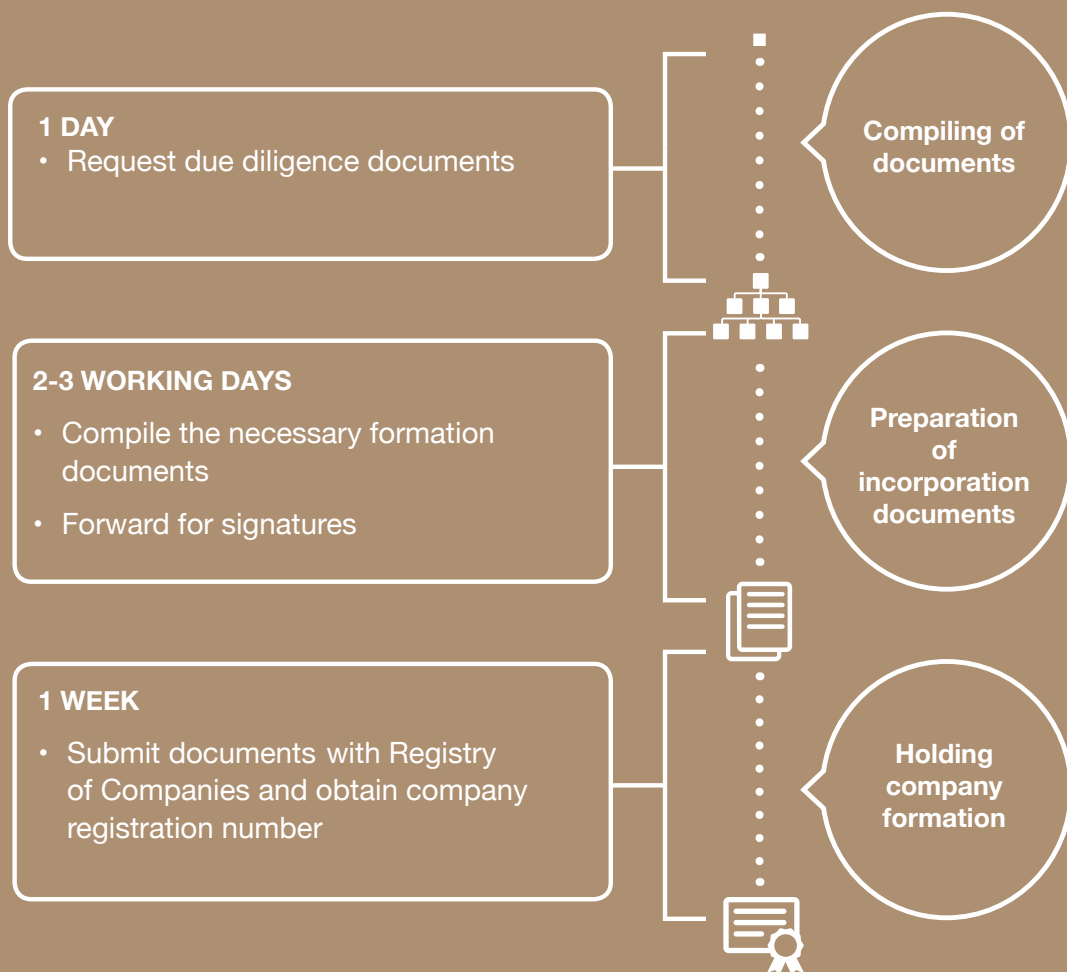


The equity shares held
in the non-resident
company do not
represent a portfolio
investment



Non-resident company
or its passive interest
or royalties have been
subject to tax at a rate
which is not less than 5%

MALTA INCORPORATION TIMELINE



WHY WORK WITH US?



Success Rate:
Problem Solving,
Integrity, Honesty



Multi-Disciplinary:
Legal, Tax & Corporate



We're lawyers:
Maximum secrecy
guaranteed



Commercially Aware,
Results Oriented



Malta-Cyprus
Lawyers,
Tax advisors,
Fiduciary staff: 100+



Our Secret:
Small firm personal,
Big firm expertise



CHETCUTI CAUCHI
ADVOCATES

Malta
Cyprus
London
Zurich



CONTACT:

Ms Michelle de Maria Senior Manager, Tax
mdm@ccllex.com